

Vision Apprentices Limited

Report and Financial Statements for the period ended 31st July 2014

Company Registration Number: 07172567





VISION APPRENTICES LIMTIED ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JULY 2014

	Page
Directors' report	2-3
Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' report and the financial statements	4
Independent auditor's report to the members of Vision Apprentices Limited	5-6
Profit and loss account	7
Balance sheet	8
Notes to the financial statements	9-14



Directors' report

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the period ended 31 July 2014.

Principal activity

The company is a private company limited by shares and is a wholly owned subsidiary of West Nottinghamshire College and was incorporated on the 1st March 2010. The principal activity of the company is the provision of apprentice trainees to employers as an Apprentice Training Agency (ATA).

Review of business and future developments

The loss on ordinary activities before taxation and dividends for the year ended 31 July 2014 amounted to £29,445 (2013: previously stated as a loss of £31,023 now a profit of £18,200). No payments were made under deed of covenant for the period (2013: £49,223).

Change in Gift Aid Rules

The company has previously paid over all of its taxable profits, which would otherwise be liable to corporation tax, to Vision West Nottinghamshire College under the Gift Aid scheme. In accordance with the accounting policies note, the directors now consider that the company is required to have distributable profits to make gift aid payments to the parent undertaking. After examining previous years' gift aid payments and distributable profit levels management have recognised a receivable of £6,600 relating to before 1 August 2012 and £31,000 relating to the financial year ending 31 July 2013, due from Vision West Nottinghamshire College, representing the amount by which gift aid payments exceeded distributable profits. This amount has been set off against the inter-company creditor.

Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of any future dividends

The company made no political contributions during the period

Directors, directors' interests and membership

The directors of the company who served during the period were:

K R Allsop

J D King-Owen - resigned 24 June 2014

T J Davenport

M S Gregory – appointed 25 March 2014

Throughout the period the company has maintained a directors' and officers' liability insurance policy.

Directors' report (continued)

Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

In accordance with Section 495 and 496 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution for the reappointment of KPMG LLP as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by order of the Board of directors on 27 November 2014 and signed on its behalf by:

Registered office

Derby Road Mansfield Nottinghamshire NG18 5BH

K R Allsop
Director

27 November 2014

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare financial statements with UK Accounting Standards.

The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF VISION APPRENTICES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Vision Apprentices Limited for the year ended 31 July 2014 set out on pages 7 to 14. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 July 2014 and of its profit / loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns;
 or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or

• we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

A Argyle (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants
One Snowhill
Snow Hill
Queensway
Birmingham
B4 6GH

19 December 2014

Profit and loss account for the period ended 31 July 2014

		Year ended 31 July 2014	Year ended 31 July 2013
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	1		
		626,025	503,592
Cost of sales		(501,565)	(428,704)
Gross profit		124,460	74,888
Administrative expenses		(154,860)	(57,843)
Operating profit	,	(30,400)	17,045
Other interest receivable and similar income		955	1,155
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	3	(29,445)	18,200
Interest payable and similar charges	-	(-)	(-)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before and after taxation and dividends		(29,445)	18,200

All results related to continuing operations.

There are no other recognised gains and losses other than as shown in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet at 31 July 2014 Company Registration Number: 07172567

	Notes	2014 £	2013 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	5		-
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank	6	108,049 10,953	170,413 265,354
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	119,002 (123,431)	435,767 (473,349
Net current assets/(liabilities) Total assets less current assets/(liabilities)		(4,429)	(37,582)
Capital and Reserves		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	8 10,14	25,000 (29,429)	2 (37,584)
Shareholders' funds	11	(4.420)	(27, 592)
Silarenoiders funds	11	(4,429)	(37,582)

The notes on pages 9 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 27 November 2014 and were signed on its behalf by:

K R Allsop
Director

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 July 2014

1. Principal accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered to be material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, and under the historic cost convention.

Going Concern

The parent undertaking, West Nottinghamshire College has confirmed that it will continue to provide financial support for the company for a period of at least twelve months following the date of signature of these financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover which excludes value added tax and trade discounts, represents the value of goods and services invoiced to customers during the year.

Cash flow statement

The company is exempt from the requirements of FRS 1 (revised) to prepare a cash flow statement as the financial statements of the parent undertaking include a consolidated cash flow statement.

Tangible fixed assets

The cost of tangible fixed assets is their purchase cost, together with any incidental cost of acquisitions.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets, less their estimated residual values, on a straight line basis over the expected useful economic lives. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:

Fixtures and fittings
 Computer equipment
 Motor vehicles
 20%
 33¹/₃ %
 20%

Stocks

Work in progress is valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost includes all direct expenditure and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads

Deferred taxation

Provision is made for deferred tax, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS19.

Principal accounting policies (continued)

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their useful economic lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Distributable reserves

During the year the directors have reconsidered the presentation of gift aid payments in the financial statements. Previously the directors followed the Charity Commission guidance, but now understand that legal advice has been issued contradicting this. The directors now consider the gift aid payment to be akin to a distribution rather than an expense.

2. Employee and director information

The company had 48 employees during the year measured in full time equivalents. No director received any emoluments from the company during the year.

3. Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation

	2014	2013
	£	£
Profit/(loss) before taxation is stated after charging:		
Depreciation	-	-
Director's emoluments and other benefits etc	-	-
Auditor's remuneration – audit services	3,010	2,092
Auditor's remuneration – non audit services	-	-

4. Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities

As explained in the accounting policies note, no provision has been made for deferred tax on the grounds that the company transfers its taxable profits by deed of covenant to West Nottinghamshire College to the extent of available distributable reserves, any future tax liability being covered by taxable loses or taxable loses available within a fellow subsidiary company for the foreseeable future, and therefore no deferred tax asset or liability will be realised in the Company.

	2014 £	2013 £
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	(29,445)	18,200
Profit / (loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21% (2013: 23%)	(6,183)	3,822
Effects of: Gift Aid Distribution Reversal of Prior Year gift aid distribution	0	(6,510)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Current tax charge for the year	(6,183) 0	(2688) 0

Tangible fixed assets

5. Tangible fixed assets Cost	Fixtures & Fittings £	Motor Vehicles £	Computer £	Total £
As at 1 Aug 2013 Additions Disposals	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
As at 31 July 2014		_	_	
Depreciation As at 1 Aug 2013 Charged in the period Eliminated on Disposal	- - -	- - -	- - -	-
As at 31 July 2014				<u>-</u> _
Net Book Value				
At 31 July 2014		-		
At 31 July 2013				

6. Debtors

	2014	2013
	£	£
Trade debtors	80,012	161,424
Amounts owed by group undertakings	25,002	2
Prepayments and accrued income	3,035	8,987
	108,049	170,413

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2014 £	2013 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	-	-
Trade creditors	25,840	_
Amounts owed to group undertakings	58,482	26,119
Other creditors including: taxation and social security	13,040	344,904
Accruals and deferred income	26,069	45,855
	123,431	56,471

8. Called up share capital

	2014 £	2013 £
Authorised Ordinary shares of £1 each	25,000	10,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid 25,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	25,000	2

9. Commitments and contingencies

There were no contingent liabilities or capital commitments at 31 July 2014.

10. Profit and loss account

	2014 £	2013 £
Balance at 1 August	(37,584)	(6,561)
Profit/ (Loss) for the period as previously stated	(29,445)	(31,023)
Removal of Gift aid as a cost Gift aid distribution	0	49,223 (49,223)
Reversal of prior year gift aid distributions	37,600	0
Balance at 31 July	(29,429)	(37,584)

11. Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds

	2014 £	2013 £
Opening shareholder's surplus as previously stated	(37,582)	(6,559)
New Shares	24,998	_
Profit for the period (as previously stated)	(29,445)	(31,023)
Removal of Gift aid as a cost	0	(49,223)
Gift aid distribution	0	49,223
Reversal of previous year Gift aid payments	37,600	0
Dividends	_	-
Closing shareholder's surplus	(4,429)	(37,582)

12. Ultimate parent undertaking

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of West Nottinghamshire College, incorporated under the Further and Higher Education Act 1992 which is also the ultimate controlling party. Copies of the parent's consolidated financial statements can be obtained from West Nottinghamshire College, Derby Road, Mansfield, Nottinghamshire, NG18 5BH.

13. Distributions

	2014	2013
	£	£
Gift Aid Payments to West Nottinghamshire College	0	49,223
Reversal of Gift Aid Payments to West	(37,600)	0
Nottinghamshire College	,	

As stated in the accounting policy note Gift Aid payments were reclassified as distributions in 2014 therefore the above note is now presented.

14. Contingent Liability

As a result of the change in treatment of Gift Aid payments, the Directors have reviewed prior year Gift Aid payments to confirm if any potential tax liability exists, once all potential loss reliefs and groups reliefs are carried back to the furthest extent possible, a potential liability of £1,320 plus interest exists.

Given the previously issued Charity Commission and HMRC guidance, and after considering the detailed requirements of s191 of the CTA, it is not clear whether HMRC can, and if it could, would, seek to recover possible back-tax.

The ICAEW release, which resulted in the change to how gift aid was treated, does identify that tax legislation provides that a Gift Aid payment made by a company which is "wholly owned by a charity" is not to be considered to be a distribution for tax purposes, but it recognises that "HMRC are considering the tax impact of this for charities and their trading subsidiaries". The Directors have therefore concluded that the likelihood of this is remote.